#### Remote sensing lectures present:

# Remote sensing of forest disturbances

Moderation: Lars T. Waser

Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL, Birmensdorf, Switzerland





#### Information about this webinar

- > 15 minutes break around 10:30
- Discussion after each presentation
- Chat (sharing additional information, asking questions etc.)
- Organization committee:
   Tiziana Koch, Dominique Weber and Marius Rüetschi, Lars Waser
   (Remote sensing group WSL)
- Don't want to miss upcoming remote sensing lectures?
  - Send an email to <a href="waser@wsl.ch">waser@wsl.ch</a> to be added to the remotesensing@wsl.ch list.

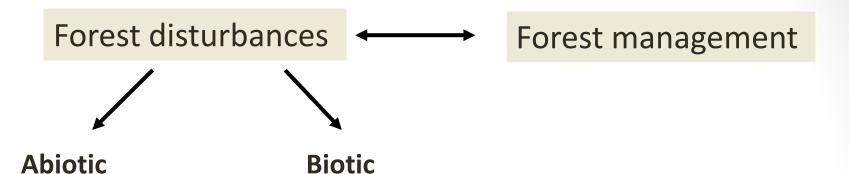


## **Schedule**

9:00-9:10	Welcome note, overview disturbances at WSL			
	Lars Waser, Remote sensing group, WSL	Dicease	o Dathaga	20
9:10-9:30	Remote Sensing for monitoring ash dieback in Germany	Diseas	se, Pathogei	15
	Petra Adler, FVA Freiburg, Germany			
9:30-9:50	Bark beetle damage detection in Bavaria Christoph Straub, LWF Freising, Germany			
	Christoph Straub, LWF Freising, Germany		Insects	
9:50-10:10	Large-scale early-wilting response of Central European forests to the 2018 extreme dream Philipp Brun, Dynamic macroecology group, WSL	ought		
10:10-10:30	The drought of 2018 and its effects on bark beetle outbreaks in Swiss forests			
	Achilleas Psomas, Remote sensing group, WSL		Drought	
10:30-10:45	Break		<b></b>	
10:45-11:20	Overview, Big data			
	Gherardo Chirici, University of Florence, Italy			
	Storm damages "Vaia" using multi-remote sensing data			
	Francesca Giannetti, University of Florence, Italy	Storm,	Windthrow	S
	GEE for large-area disturbance mapping			
	Saverio Francini, University of Florence, Italy			
11.20-11:40	Rapid Sentinel-1-based detection of windthrows - first results of the FNEWs project			
	Marius Rüetschi, Remote sensing group, WSL		Fires	
11:40-12:00	From pixels to events: identifying storms and fires from satellite-based disturbance machine Senf, TUM, Freising, Germany	aps		
12:00	Wrap-up and closing			



## Forest disturbance categories



- Fire
- Wind
- Snow damage
- Rockfall

- Insects and diseases
- Anthropogenetic interventions
- Animal damage

-> Detecting real disturbances challenging

Ceccherini et al. 2020 Palahí et al. 2021 Senf & Seidl 2021



## Ranking of forest disturbances using RS



-> based on Web of Science literature research (ISI papers)

n = 5442

fire: 2402

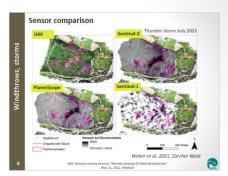
windthrows: 12

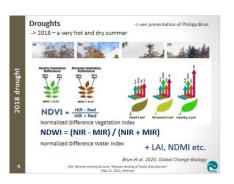


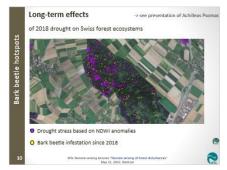
#### Overview disturbances of RS at WSL

#### Windrows, storms









#### **Drought, barkbeetles**

#### Pathogens, Fire





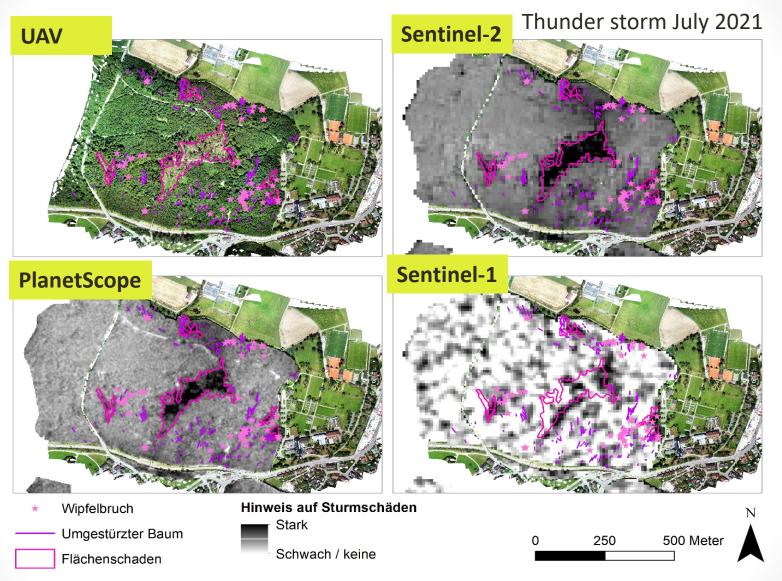
#### **Windthrows**

- Large-scale (Friederike, Burglind 2018, Bernd 2019)
- Small-scale (Thunder storms 2018, 2021)





## Sensor comparison



Weber et al. 2021, Zürcher Wald



## **Droughts**

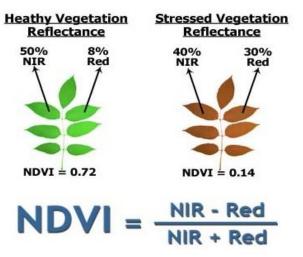
-> 2018 – a very hot and dry summer

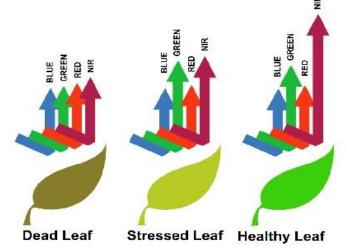












Normalized Difference Vegetation Index

NDWI = (NIR - MIR) / (NIR + MIR)

Normalized Difference Water Index

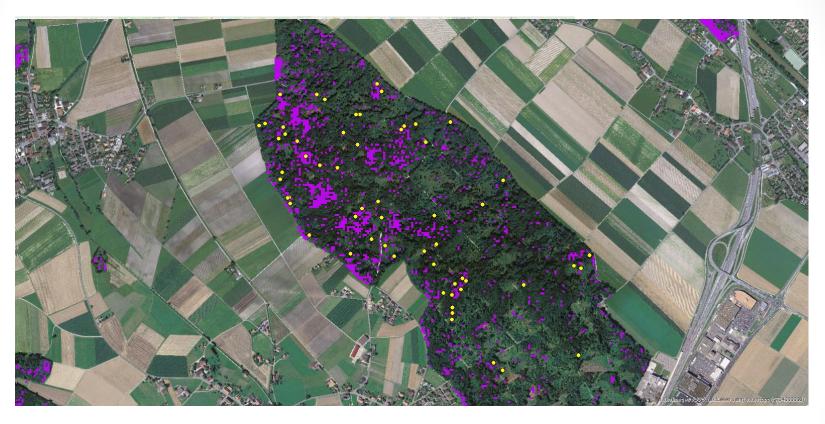
+ LAI, NDMI etc.

Brun et al. 2020, Global Change Biology



## **Long-term effects**

of 2018 drought on Swiss forest ecosystems



- Drought stress based on NDWI anomalies
- O Bark beetle infestation since 2018





## Disease, vitality of trees

Sentinel-2 time series and vegetation indices: Tintenkrankheit Phytophthroa cambivora / P. cinnamomi Sweet Chestnut, Southern Switzerland

2015 Looking for a master student Reference data: aerial images an field s centially affected areas

Source: Eva Augustiny, Simone Prospero, WSL



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10:30-10:45	Break	



# Break



# Wrap-up





#### Wrap-up

- Most disturbance categories at different spatial extents are detectable with RS
  - -> Near-realtime often not feasible
- High potential for multi-source approaches (active, passive)
  - -> Infrared bands relevant => Vegetation indices (NDVI, NDWI, LAI...)
  - -> SAR-data are (almost) weather independent
- Quantification of disturbances must be handled with care
- Feedback from pratice indispensable! Collaboration!
   Real damages ≠ forest management
- Additional use of existing data sets (e.g VHM, crown cover etc.)



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